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## REVIEW

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## BRITISH NATION.

Saturday, June 12. 1708.

Hen Mr. Afgil wrote a Book to prove the Possibility of Translation out of this World without Dying, having spent some Thoughts upon his Arguments, in order either to clear them up to my self, or obtain a clear View of their being a Mistake; I found, the best Step to consuce the Error was to grant all that was alledg'd, which could with Safety be granted, and these enquire into the Bad of the Thing; and in searching after this, it soon came to my Thoughts, that the whole Delmion lay in the Surface of Words, put upon the Thing, and that really this new Scheme of passing out of Life left us but just where we were before, and was summ'd up in this short Article.

That to be translated was to be changed, and to die was but a Change; that Enoch went no more directly into Heaven with his Flesh and Blood on him, than Elijab went with his Mantle, but that both must suffer the necessary Change of Life in the Passage; that this Change, from a coorruptible to a glorised State, was the same thing at Death, and Death was a Change and no more, so that one is as near a Way to Heaven as the other; a Grave or a Fiery Change in the other; a Grave or a Fiery Change woods, is his Prayer.— His Bud is Heaven, and he can neither gain or tole by the Passage.

Just thus, I think, is our Way to flower to these poor disappointed People in the

Affair of raising a dead Man, that had they never so strong Expectations of his being rais'd, it had in it no Possibility of Success; since the Spirit of GOD, who never acts but with Coherence to all its other Actions, bid, as I may say, foreclosed all Effects or Advantages that could have accrued to the World by it, and so we must have concluded, so great a Miracle must have been wrought to no Manner of Signification.

I must premise to these People, that they allow the Scripture to be the Word of GOD, the Rule of Faith, and the Foundation of all Arguments in this Case—This on all Occasions they profess, and if they did not, I would say nothing to them; for there is not arguing with those that will deny Principles; on this Supposition, then,

I would ask them this Question.

Is this Miracle of railing a Man from the Dead expected, in order to confirm us in the Belief of some Truths and Doctrines already revealed or taught, or to help our Faith in the Belief of some Doctrine yet to be revealed, and yet to be taught, and let them take which they will, it cannot be, the Scripture has to reclosed them both.

As to confirming our Faith in Truths and Doctrines already taught, the Scripture is plain against them; when Dives cries to Heaven to have one fent to warn his Brethren, Abraham is represented, answering, They have Moses and the Prophets, that is, the written Word of Preaching of the Golpel, take it which way you will-And upon his renewing his Request, it is declared from Heaven, That they who will not hear, that is believe a preach'd Gospel, or will not regard the Word of GOD, must be lost, for one shall not be sent from the Dead to infirua them, nor if that were done, would it be effectual -- So that in thort GOD has determined that such a thing shall not be, and has that up the End, confirming our Faith so the Means; the Word of GOD has first deny'd the Experiment, and secondly condemn'd it as to its Signification; and the Spirit of GOD, who never afts in vain, cannot deviate from it felf.

If then they fly to the Alternative, viz. That this Miracle should be wrought to form a Faith in some new Doctrine yet to be re-

vealed; I shall ask, is this Dostrine in the Word of GOD, or is it not? If it be, it is not new, and to be revealed—And then let us know what it is—If it be not in the Word of GOD, that is first to deny the Scripture to be a sull Revelation of the Mind of GOD in our Salvation, a compleat Rule of Faith and Dostrine, &c.—And it must come under one of these two Comminations; either that of the Apossle, if an Angel from Heaven teach you any other Dostrine, let him be accursed, Galat. 1. 8. or he that addeth to it, GOD shall add unto him all the Plagues written in this Book. Rev. 22. 18.

They have but one Refort more, and that is, That this Miracle was to confirm the Truth of their being Divinely Inspired; and this I presume, they will not mention now, since the Argument turns so invincibly upon them, that the Disappointment must argue their being Diabollically de-

luded.

I might say something of the Person they pitch'd upon to work this Miracle upon : and the' I shall be very shye of making Reflections, or loading the Memory of the Dead, yet I must touch upon it; Either he was a good Man or a bad Man; if he was a bad Man, they cannot give an Instance of one bad Man that ever return'd from the Grave, no not in the whole Word of GOD: Lazarus was a good Man, the Lad raised by Elijab was a Hebrew, Child, and Dercas a Disciple; when the Graves were opened at the Painon, they were the Bodies of the Saints only that arose, and they cannot give us one Instance of a wicked Man that was ever raifed from the Dead; the Phantolm of Saul and Samuel I do not call a raising from the Dead, and yet if it were, Samuel was a good Man without doubt.

On the other hand, if this Dr. Eames was a good Man, then let them tell us, if he repented or reform'd his profess'd Socinianism, which he was known for many Years to maintain and defend, most impiously denying the Divinity of the Blessed Rodeemer of the World; and if they cannot do this, he cannot pass for a good Man with me.

Thus their Pretence of raising a Man from the Dead appears, at lest I think so, to have no Foundation or Authority, either in Scripture or in the Nature of the thing; I am loth to upbraid them with the Confequence, for any body might have predicted the Confequence with a less Portion of the Spirit of

Prophecy, than they pretend to.

And now methinks I would apply this Difappointment to those People, who, being at first taken with this Novelty, and drawn in by the affuming, positive Affertions of the first Pretenders, had been defired by their Instructors but to lay the whole Stress of their Faith upon this Miracle, and who have openly declar'd, that if th's were not perform'd, they would acknowledge themselves deluded and impos'd upon-GOD has been fo Good to you all, as not to suffer the Devil to make any sham Miracle or Appearance, that should pass for a Similitude of the thing, that might leave the Cause doubtful, and make somePeople think it was done, and some not.

The Prince of the Air was not let loose to affright or amuse the People, as he has been permitted to do among the Heathen; if he has the Power to raise Storms, Tempests, Thunders and Lightning, at some say be can, tho' I do neither grant or believe it, yet he has been restrain'd from doing it here; the Delusion therefore is uncontested now, and you who in the Simplicity of your Souls gave way to it, if any such there are, ought to be very thankful to Almighty GOD, that has thus clearly undeceiv'd you, and for the sutrue beware, how you give heed to the melancholly Vapours of wild Men, who, if they do not on purpose design to deceive, are yet deceived themselves, and seek to involve you equally in the same Distraction.

The Charm is now over, the Snare is broken, and if ye please you are escaped; if you will not escape, no Body can help that; not to abandon these Pretences now, would be to profess your selves willingly impos'd upon, and that you court the Delusion, even as such; nor can you be honest to your selves, to your Promises, or to your Maker, whose Judgments you ought to apprehend are upon you, in giving you up to believe Lies and to strong Delusions; the Design of which is plain in the Scripture, unless you own the plain Conviction that must now be

upon you, and return to your Religious

Sences again.

I do confest, the Prevalency of this new Delusion has been surprizing, and nothing has been more strange to me in it, than to see Men of Sence, of Parts, and of good Charasters in the World, for their Judgments and Understanding, fall in with 12-Men that have been all their Lives Religiously disposed, that have been Masters of Reason, known in the Scriptures, and found in the Principles of the Christian Religion at their Men see the Christian Religion at the Principles of t

I know, it has been earnestly wished and industriously inquired into also, that these unhappy Delusions should have been found only among the Dissenters; some again have been fond of laying it all at the Door of the Quakers, whom they would fain have be reckoned the Broachers of these Novelties.

—And this they have especially spread over the Nation in the most remote Parts of it, where I have frequently mee within, as envirely thrown upon the Quakers, that it was wholly of Kin to the former Extravagancies, as they called them, of those People, and was only the same Game of Enthusiasm action.

over again.

But that I do Justice here, nor to the Quaters only, but to every Sort of Men. among us? In order so which, I venture to affirm the following Particulars, which on the common Account of Persons and Things, I believe, will be found to hold true.

I know, we are mighty fond of leading the Quakers with many of our own Follies, and some will hardly allow them to have the Use of their Reason, while they practice less Reason in those Censures than most of the Quakers are Masters of: These People, I presume, generally speak before they think; I am sure in the Case before they think; I am sure in the Case before they enquire; for before I examine who were or were not among the now Prophets, I pretend to say, and am very sure of it, that there were sewer of the Quakers among them, than of any Sort or Sect of People in this Nation.

I having

I have nothing to do here with the Principles of the Quakers, I leave that to the Learned Mr. B., who has done more by raving at them to make any Man turn Quaker, than all the Authors I have met with-I am not, I say, entring on the Principles of the Quakers, it cannot be thought I shall go about to defend what I do not profess; but this I may say, and I think in Justice to the present Case, I ought to say it, that be the Quakers Case right or wrong, that is not to the Purpose bere- But they have, generally speaking, stuck closer to their profess'd Principles, than most, if not than any Sort of People among us; you get Men off from them to other Perswasions with more Difficulty; nor if a Man be profelited from them, is he easily or often brought to fly in the Face of his former Principles, renounce, reproach and abhor them, as in the Case of Men won from Popery, Judailm, and the like; I mean rarely fo-There might be Arguments drawn from this, very much to the Advantage of the Quakers, but that is not my Buliness; I apply, it here chiefly to hint, that the Attempt to charge the Opinions of the new Prophets on the Quakers, purely because they are, as they call it, Enthuliastick, is no more an Argument, than it would be to charge it upon any other Sect of People, and therefore Juffice obliges me to fay thus mach of the Quakers. Upon the whole then,

1. I think it is evident, these Prophets and their Delusions have not their Rise among the Quakers, nor have they any Quakers, worth naming as to Number, among

them.

2. Nor are they generally Disenters of

any or of all Denominations.

3. Nor do I inferr that they are of the Church, I mean generally speaking, tho' feveral eminent Churchmen have been of them, and I doubt are fill among them.

But we find among them feveral who have been profess'd Sociaians, others Deifis, and some that never before made any Profession of Religion at all, and together with these a Mixture of all Sorts and Professions

among us; GOD Almighty open their Eges, and deliver them from the Delusions they have been too forward to be deceived with, and deliver the Nation from being possess d with a lying Spirit, that goes about Prophesying Lies in his Name.

ERRATA.

EVIEW, No. 25. Page 97. Col. 1. Line 10. Comma at English Men. 1. 11. Comma at loose, dele the Comma at Posteriy. p. 98. col. 2. 1. 3. after Miscarriages, read are, or. ibid. 1. 13. dele so. ibid 1. 19. for expect me, r. expect of me. ibid. 1. 46. for with your ways, r. with your own ways. p. 99. col. 1. 1. 1. for Communion, r. Commandment. ibid. 1. 4. Comma at Law. Review, No. 27. pag. 107. col. 2. 1. 37. for Business, read Baseness.

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